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Working Notes and Publication

1.

This note to the publication initially had the sole purpose of clarifying some technical aspects of the work, but Grazia Cecchini, who we asked to supervise the edition, suggested that we also include a personal comment on what it meant for our growth process, working closely with Claudio for more than 5 years. I do not hide a certain embarrassment and a moderate difficulty in writing these lines.

I will not go into the details of the story because I should go back to when, in 2010, I accidentally met Claudio at a conference in Rome and had the strong desire to become his pupil. The wish was fulfilled through a series of circumstances that were not common to me. Claudio's decision, to my great happiness, to assign me the technical part of this work also happened almost by chance. Over time I have understood that life actually works like this: it constantly crosses us and it is up to our internal gaze to recognize it and entrust ourselves to it. I don't know how to express my gratitude for Claudio, except by continuing this work as long as it is necessary and possible. Brahms's work, which was the first one I faced, revealed to me the spiritual contents of his music and that of the great composers that Claudio introduced me to.

Then came other gifts: the relationships with Claudio and with Eduardo, without whom all this would not have been possible. Together we went through difficult and tiring moments but largely accompanied by joys and enthusiasms that I never thought I would experience. This has also helped me a lot for many other old and new relationships and for that of a couple.

I have discovered and appreciated, even with suffering at times, that the sacred and the divine must be sought here on earth, because they are everywhere: in what seems terrible to us, in what is ordinary, in things that we do not like. I began to recognize the joy of the embrace of life through the awareness of the obstacles of character. I lived the Master's love for life as it comes. I began to rely on the unknown, the only source of true life, trying to overcome the fear that blocked me for many years.

Although the journey has only just begun, I do not forget Claudio's first advice in one of the first emails we exchanged after the video rehearsals: "The work will be long and I hope you have the necessary patience to go on".

After several attempts to find a publisher for Totila Albert's unique and exclusive work, Claudio decided to publish it online and for free on his website.

We decided together that it could be made usable both from the internet and offline, making it possible to copy it to your computer or other tool that could manage the amount of data required. In fact, Totila's complete works are about forty to which are added various fragments that Claudio was unable to provide: Eduardo Ribeiro deals with this aspect.

Claudio began writing introductions and brief comments divided by the themes of Totila's texts. He only finished his text for the first four.

Each work, according to Claudio's desire, consists of:

- 1. his brief commentary on the theme of the text and its relationship with music; The first work (Schumann's piano quintet) also contains the complete transcript of the 2018 Bolzano conference on the journey of the hero into music according to Totila Albert.
- 2. for each movement.
 - a) Totila Albert's handwritten text (if available);
- b) the video of the Dictado del Movimento;
- c) translation into three languages from German (Italian, Spanish, English).

Initially a single .pdf file should have contained both points 1 and 2 with the English, Spanish and Italian versions and not the three languages in separate files. The Dictation videos will also be available for download separately in higher quality format. For reasons of legibility of the text it was not possible to respect the division into pages according to the manuscripts of Totila Albert.

The videos were made using the Final Cut Pro 7 editing program on Mac computers. Based on the music file, the texts were written in German by creating a number of micro-clips corresponding to the number of syllables (sometimes groups of syllables) of the text divided by pages.

I was performing a first version of the video sync that Claudio gave me where he gives the rhythm to the syllables with a stick. This was sent to Eduardo to review the incorrect passages with respect to the chosen melody or micro delays or advances. The corrections were emailed to me in a language we invented together from time to time. At one point we found that the best was (for more complex corrections) to send me an audio with his singing. This process took place several times before obtaining a video that we considered suitable for Claudio's final supervision. Over time we have both created opportunities to meet and work faster together. When Claudio was available and we had a number of works ready we met with Claudio for the final corrections.

During this work, which is not finished yet and which we will update every time there are improvements or new works to propose, I have had many friends close to me who have supported and helped me with their love and whom I thank from my heart.

The most heartfelt thanks go to my Master Claudio who with this work opened the door to a more human life than the one I lived before I met him.

A very special thanks to Eduardo Ribeiro for the enormous patience he had in working with my insecurities and for his special closeness and affection at a very special moment in my life while we were working together in Brazil.

Sergio Vasselli

2.

Just after the conclusion of the book "The Inner Music" in 2015, Claudio asked me to collaborate in the realization of the videos of the Musical Dictations of Totila Albert. I quickly accepted, both out of a desire to help the Maestro and to be close to him, and out of an interest in knowing more about this mysterious work. Initially I thought it would be something simple and fast, but as I went deeper into the details of the work, I realized that it was much more complex. It wasn't just a matter of synchronizing the melodies with the words. Almost all the works are very complex and among the many voices there was the need to find out which one sang the text of the Dictation. Sometimes the words were in a secondary voice, or in the accompaniment, and sometimes there were notes of the melodies that had no words... and it was like a puzzle.

Claudio recorded most of the Dictations on video, in which he played recordings of the works while pointing to the words projected on a screen with a stick, but sometimes the synchrony was not clear, especially when the music was very fast. It was necessary to resort to the scores of various works to find the correct synchrony, yet when reviewing the works with Claudio, many corrections were made. I was impressed by how he remembered the smallest details of the time when he heard the works with Totila, who marked the words with a pencil to show Claudio the synchrony while the music was playing.

Some of the works were especially challenging. I remember Beethoven's Great Fugue op.133, an extensive work with very fast polyphonic passages that were impossible to mark with a stick and only in some parts was it possible to follow Claudio's video. This work required a detailed analysis of the score and through trial and error it was possible to discover how to synchronize all the text with the music, which took about a year of work. I found it more difficult when Claudio presented me with the challenge of synchronizing Beethoven's Triple Concerto op.56, since this work did not have the video with the stick and I would have to find the synchrony from scratch. Sometimes the soloists, violin, cello and piano, played hundreds of notes for a few words of the text, other times, some notes of the melody had no text at all! This work took even longer and was a great joy when we presented Claudio with the synchronized Dictation of this work. He was very happy.

Between 2015 and 2019 there were many months of proximity with Claudio in Udine, Titignano, Barcelona, Brasilia and other places, working with the help of Sergio Vasselli on this project and for me it was a great joy when we reached the end of the initial list of works. The difficult technical aspects of the preparation of the Dictations are the responsibility of Sergio Vasselli, with whom I work for 5 years, they are very well done, with care and perfect organization and this project could not deserve any better, and for that I also have much gratitude. We are still looking for the Dictations of Schumann's 3rd Symphony, called "Rhenish" and his Cello Concerto that are missing. Who knows if someone who sees this publication will help us find them?

I am very sorry that Claudio has not been able to see this first volume of Totila Albert's Dictations published, but I am sure he is looking at us and knows that I will work until the end on this sacred project of his. The Dictations are a beautiful and mysterious thing. You can feel the extraordinary effect of the synchrony between the words and the melodies even following the german text (a

language I know very little about). The resonances of the vowels, the articulation of the words with the music, the feeling that something profound is being communicated... it's inebriating! Even with translations, the meaning of poetry is not easy to understand and requires a profound hermeneutic also of the text and, above all, the spiritual maturity of those who read or listen. It is not an art that is appreciated only in the aesthetic aspect, it is necessary to deepen the messages and meanings. The Musical Dictations of Totila Albert have given a new meaning to my musical studies and my life, and I am currently doing my doctorate at the UAM in Madrid with the theme "Claudio Naranjo and Totila Albert: The education of inner listening through the Sonata Form and the Journey of the Hero", in which I will develop a way of introducing meditation into musical education, just as Claudio Naranjo taught.

I hope that these publications will be accessible and studied by a large number of people and that this precious legacy will continue to fertilize consciences and reveal to the world the great mystery of music. Thank you Master Claudio Naranjo for trusting me to do this work and for everything else I have received from you.

Eduardo Ribeiro

Eduardo Ribeiro has a Bachelor's degree in Composition (1989), Orchestral Conducting (1992), a post-graduate degree in Musicology (1995), a Master's degree in Musicology (2011) and is currently a doctoral student in Education and Musical Aesthetics (started in 2019) at the UAM / Madrid. He is a concert recorder, singing and harpsichord player. He conducted orchestras in Brazil, Romania, Italy, Chile and Argentina and has several musical compositions for singing, orchestra, piano, recorder and other instruments.

Directions

This .pdf document is an interactive file that allows you to listen to music and watch videos. The free *Adobe Acrobat Reader* program is recommended, available on the *Adobe* website also available for smartphones and tablets.

The audio and video files are accessible through the links published in this .pdf for the YouTube channel of *Scuola Sat Claudio Naranjo*.

To listen or view, click the mouse pointer or tap on the tablet or smartphone on the symbols corresponding to:

audio;



video;



Brief Introduction to The Return of the Fallen Angel to Paradise according to the Musical Dictation of Totila Albert

It might not require further comment to have called this book "The return of Lucifer to Paradise" if it were not for Totila Albert, whose hand wrote the texts compiled here, and did not feel they were a work of their own, but had only put in writing what he heard in Schumann's music. The subtitle that I have added to this collection of texts ("according to the Musical Dictation of Totila Albert"), requires, then, some explanation about who was Totila Albert and about what he called his "Musical Dictation", and after this brief introduction, this book begins with the transcript of a conference given in Bolzano in December 2018 that I both gave.

Then I will say something as a preface to the four texts compiled in this volume, which correspond to what the poet "auscultated" by listening to the quintet for piano and strings (Op 44) by Schumann. (Albert used the term "auscultate" (which ordinarily refers to a doctor's listening to the heart or lungs of a patient when putting his ear against his body or using a stethoscope) to the particular way of listening to the music that was discovered, that led him to listen to words with music).

After that comes an introduction to the texts themselves, and then the faccimil version of these, although the poetic-musical nature of these, which requires a syllabic synchronic reading with the musical notes, and this necessitates an audiovisual presentation (below) for which the printed text is just a preparation.

In spite of what I have come to say when affirming that the texts of Totila Albert will serve as preparation to the understanding of the Musical Dictation itself, that will be presented in an audiovisual way, these will be placed (and their respective translations from German to English, Italian and Spanish, in addition to some notes) below.

This little book finishes online with some lines about the vocation and prophetic stature of Totila Albert, and about how his inspiration has derived my own militancy for an overcoming of the patriarchal mind.

Totila used to show his poetic-musical work in an individual way, guiding the reading of his texts to the beat of the music with a pointer with which he moved rhythmically on his manuscripts, and that since the appearance of the video (and especially the digital video) I have been exploring the best way to give the new art introduced by Totila Albert a corresponding technological solution. First I dedicated myself to filming the texts while I guided his reading with a pointer, and so I was able to generate documents that would convey my understanding of the way of reading I had learned decades ago from my friend Totila; but more satisfying it seemed to me to recruit the work of a computer capable of synchronizing texts and music in a similar way to the one used in the karaoke I should give credit for this work, then, to Sergio Vasselli, and thank him profusely, and to Eduardo Ribeiro, director of the orchestra of the Federal University of Minas Gerais, who has supervised the computer work in view of my "homemade" videos, which contain a key to reading the texts.

To conclude, I will say that I intend to start with this online publication with a project to gradually bring the Musical Dictation of Totila Albert to the world without resorting to printed books or bookstores, but only to the internet. I imagine that this important part of the legacy of my friend

and mentor will find his audience among the german speakers, and that little by little he will also receive the blessing that he holds for others-as was the case with me, that I felt so nourished despite my imperfect knowledge of German.

I am also grateful that through this project in the future it will be possible to introduce other poetic-musical works by Totila Albert.

Claudio Naranjo

Aknowledgments to the translators team:

David Marin Vargas, Alessandra Corti, Fabio Siuni, Mascia Mariotti, Stana Nezval, Charlotte Henley, Susan Sylvester, Antonella Sabia, Jürgen Kramer.

Some observations about the Musical Dictation corresponding to the Quintet Op.44 of Schumann

The text begins with an explosion in which the unity of the divine world is divided into North and South, East and West, which are separated from the center of creation; to which corresponds the text of the last movement in which creation becomes one again. This cosmogonic process of dispersion and reunification has its parallel in that Lucifer, who was originally in God, happens to have a separate existence, but after suffering the loneliness not only returns to God, but becomes a channel of the Divine towards the world.

In the second movement of the Quintet Totila Albert has heard something like a funeral march, in which death becomes a portal to being; and in the third movement, in which ascending scales abound musically, the text tells us about the path from the ordinary world to the higher world. The work as a whole, then, reiterates what the Judeo-Christian tradition has presented as an expulsion of Lucifer from Paradise, but also a return of the fallen angel to its original and divine condition, and also, as a result, something that we could call a decriminalization of the devil, that upon discovering the divine will that has moved him, recovers his angelic nature. We can say that this transformation of the fallen angel carries with it an affirmation of the individual self, and also of sexuality, in such a way that the supposed impurity of pleasure comes to be transmuted into something like tantric and sacred sexuality.

Transcription, audio and video Claudio Naranjo's conference on the journey of the hero according to the Work of Totila Albert (Bolzano 30 November 2018)

Thank you very much Carla for the presentation/introduction and also for accepting my proposal to be here again. At the closing dinner, after last year's conference, I said: "I would like to go back to Bolzano with a particular theme, the theme of the Journey of the Hero in Music." I do not think I have explained, the reason why I thought it was of special interest. I think I could not explain it without giving this lecture. The conference is advertised as the "Journey of the Hero in Music", but this would only be half the title. A more complete title could be: "The journey of the hero in music according to the Work of Totila Albert", or "according to the Musical Dictation of Totila Albert". But how can you give a title like this, that talks about unknown things? People are certainly not attracted to a subject whose name is not even known. Recently, television journalists interviewed me for a few minutes and asked me "what is the journey of the hero in music?" I think this is a good stimulus to start, because I had to explain it in three minutes and my head was completely blank. I have never been so lazy before a conference, I did not want to think about anything, nor about the conference nor at anything else. I was a little worried preoccupied. I would catch a cold. Recently I have been to the hospital twice and I risked exactly that, dying from a cold. For me, catching a cold is a mortal danger, therefore, reaching Bolzano and catching a cold was not a good starting point, except perhaps because the issue of proximity to death is very close to the theme of the hero's journey. It's as if he had heard: "You have not finished the hero's journey yet!"

I was a bit worried: "How can I do a conference without any passion, without the interest in talking about anything, without wanting to share?" Maybe the medicines I was given for the cold caused this numbness!

Then, when the television journalist asked me in front of the camera: "What is your topic today?" I replied: "the journey of the hero is an intellectual concept that was born between the students of mythology and the students of folklore. Fairy tales, for example, have much in common with "The Journey of the Hero," which is basically the "Inner Journey." These stories are the metaphor of a voyage that some people undertake. Not many people!

I believe that Otto Rank, a collaborator and student of Freud, wrote a book that speaks of this subject. He noticed that many of these heroes are the children of a virgin, so many of these heroes take a boat and sail in a river; Many of these heroes are abandoned by their parents, forget their real parents and are raised by adoptive parents.

These stories resemble each other in so many ways that Otto Rank wondered why: what do these stories have in common? And he says: "Freud discovered it: our common childhood, the reason is that we all have the same childhood story".

But this Rank is not the point of view that I adopted and will present. I have taken as reference a more recent American writer who has developed an alternative point of view. Joseph Campbell says: "These stories are not about childhood, they are about a possible life for all of us, which is not very well known."

It is as if humans were subject to metamorphosis, like insects. Just as the butterfly, which comes from

an egg, becomes then a larva, the larva is enclosed in the cocoon that sometimes reaches maturity. Christ tells Nicodemus that we must go back to the mother's womb and be born again; and this is very similar to this idea of entering the cocoon, withdrawing from life. Jung already used to say that adolescence and childhood dreams, when they are halfway there, in the middle of life, are no longer so interesting for people. People who have had worldly ambitions begin to look for themselves, to go to the centre of their life and their mind.

We are like human butterflies that do not know butterflies, that do not believe in butterflies. The people who begin this journey of transformation, this internal metamorphosis, do not become spectacular for the world. It's a bit like the bear that hibernates, entering its lair. He Sleeps for six months. The Eskimos had deified it, a totemic animal. Human beings already knew this process of entering themselves, of retiring from life, of dying in life, as part of the transformation: a death that is also an incubation. It is a process that is intrinsic to our nature, but it is a process, in a certain sense, secret. It can be said that it is esoteric, not because it must be kept secret, but because the secret protects itself. Because there are some things that people do not believe in, that do not seem reasonable.

A great scholar specialized in fairy tales, Vladimir Propp, from Russia, gathered a large amount of material and analysed it in themes, in structures (as he called them): A hero emerges, the hero begins the journey, the enemy of the hero emerges , the enemy wonders how to hinder the hero, the enemy takes the credit of the hero and presents himself as the true hero. These subjects, these ingredients of the Russian stories, particularly of the majority of Asian Russia, are presented only with reference to the structure. It does not speculate on the "why" of these structures, "why" these narratives.

This was accepted by the Russians at the time of Stalin. He has become one of the fathers of structuralism, which does not give an experiential explanation of things.

This is the myth of the hero. There are great myths, there are fairy tales, apparently child narrations; there are also great narratives that do not seem mythical, that seem more like literature. Or as in the case of the Bible, the sacred books. For example, we can say that the Jewish people are liberated from Egypt in a similar way to how we get rid of worldly authoritarianism, which lasts to some extent in our lives. Then we go beyond the place of birth, beyond this parental and even political authority. And only after this crossing of the Red Sea can Mount Sinai appear: the encounter with the Divine. And this is part of the traditional interpretation of the book of Exodus, it is not a modern fantasy. And we can think that if there is a Mount Sinai, which is the metaphor of the moment of the inner journey in which the person reaches the highest point, even the desert that comes after Mount Sinai is symbolic; and the 40 years in the desert correspond to something in human life after the encounter with the Divine. We know: the Christian religion has documented this moment very well, as well as the Sufi tradition, that after the period of expansion of consciousness comes a period of descent of consciousness, a period of sterility that Juan de la Cruz called "the Dark Night" of the soul". It is when the person asks, "What did my season in Paradise serve? I lost everything!" But after the desert comes the Promised Land in biblical history. And these stages can be subdivided, they can be interpreted.

And this not only in sacred literature but also in apparently profane literature. For example, the Odyssey is not considered sacred literature at present, but it has the same structure: a trip going a trip back. The first part of the Iliad speaks of the liberation of Princess Helen of Troy, as well as the princesses of many fairy tales. The hero arrives, recovers, frees her ... but the story does not end

there. After the Trojan War there is a return home and this is more complicated. And so, in human life, even after a great opening of the mind, after a great illumination, comes a heavier part, like when after the honeymoon comes the heaviness of pregnancy ... sometimes women vomit a lot in pregnancy. Maybe something similar happened in our culture. In the sixties there was a collective illumination, as a gift of conscience, a vision of the new era! The new era seemed at the doorstep; but the new era does not come yet. In the meanwhile, we had a very heavy phase.

Real history and myths are intertwined. This story is intertwined, for example, with the story of the massacre of children by Herod. Then the family of Christ goes to take refuge in Egypt.

We recently went through a time when there was a concealment.

There was a time when all the spiritual traditions seemed to be open, as they say in the ancient Jewish prophecy: "at the time of the Messiah, the great teachings will be transmitted from the rooftops", from the terraces of the houses. Everything will be open.

There was a period like this in the bookstores, in the esoteric department, the Tibetan Book of the Dead was found, the Mayan Book of the Dead was found, many writings were found.

The Tibetan Dzogchen, so hard to find in Tibet, has been on sale, we can say, in the western market. But there has also been a decline with this passage of culture towards a right that is increasingly incompatible with spirituality, when economic values come into conflict with good. The gain that seeks goods is increasingly in conflict with "the good", as if the lack of the inner good moved towards the search for money. A Spanish poet says: "Only a fool confuses value and price." I do not know if it is understandable in Italian? A nescio is a stupid, a fool who confuses value and price. This is a contemporary phenomenon, the commodification of everything erases the intrinsic value of things. I'm doing "free association", I do not know if I'm talking about a particular topic, but we can say that the underlying theme is that the hero's story is the internal process of evolution of consciousness, not just an individual process, a cultural process. Everything has a similarity. There are cycles

And then, if we talk about the journey of the hero in music, we can say that the musicians, in their compositions, express the experience of their own evolution. No, there is nothing more important in the life of a person than to enter the great path, the great adventure of the inner journey. There is nothing more important than this trip! Worldliness is not as important as the magical journey. I say magic, because it is not universally known. So my thesis is that a musician like Beethoven, who writes the Eroica, writes about the hero's journey and not about his admiration for Napoleon. Maybe everyone knows that Beethoven broke the dedication of this symphony that he had once wanted to dedicate to Napoleon.

When Napoleon was crowned, Emperor Beethoven lost all his faith. He understood his ambition and was able to reevaluate his contribution, his motivation. The hero is not so much Napoleon as the heroic spirit known in the first person by Beethoven.

And how did you get to know this Beethoven spirit? The deafness grew and with his thirty-something years he realized that he would become completely deaf and his musical mission - because he had a sense of mission, he had the feeling of completing his life through his work – he collapsed. He decided to take his own life. He was ready to do it, he wrote a document, the "Testament of Heiligenstadt", a city near Vienna, where he was that day. The Testament of Heiligenstadt is very inconsistent, it is not really a testament, but one can understand that it he was close to taking his own life, when suddenly he feels a more interesting inspiration. Something braver than taking your own life: living and making your music despite being deaf. A great risk. He placed the bet. And he won. And it's not

obvious when you make these types of bets. Heroic courage is required.

Musicians do not like the idea that music means something. Strange, all cultures, not individuals but complete cultures, had this idea: in antiquity, in shamanism, music was used for the raising of consciousness; as well as in medieval rituals with religious music. Romanticism has always been permeated by the idea of music as a way of communicating experiences. But something strange has happened in modern music. Today the academic opinion is that music does not mean anything. This idea began in the nineteenth century, in the time of Brahms, which was also the time of Liszt and Wagner. With Liszt and Wagner comes what is called "The New German Music", based on the idea that music should leave behind the Beethovenien form, the classical form, getting rid of the classical tradition and taking literature as its point of departure. The symphony decays and the symphonic poem with Liszt is born and then with Richard Strauss, and others. Music becomes more literary. This process culminates with Wagner.

This was an ideological movement somewhat implicitly anti-Semitic, but also anti-classical. And Brahms was an exception. Brahms was not part of this cultural movement, he continued in the steps of the classical with the tradition that passed from Beethoven to Schubert, then to Schumann and then to him. For contemporaries, Brahms was obsolete, too classic, too formal. It was not clear that innovation in Brahms would overcome innovation in Wagner if one simply thinks of the harmonic, contrapuntal, musical aspect, but this is re-evaluated later. Brahms was not so admired in his time. A music critic named Hanslick wrote a book, "From the Beautiful in Music," with the idea of pure music, as a defense against those literalists. Even the concert programs were very descriptive. For example, if Schubert's Inconclusa was interpreted, the program could have said: "At first you feel the tremor ... it's a bit like twilight light ... and from the twilight light comes a ray of sunshine ", As if it were not the time of the sun and this surprises us ...". The descriptions of images that are subjectively possible when listening to music are found in these romantic programs; Everyone has their fantasies. And Hanslick reacts to this culture of musical literalism by saying: "No, let's listen to pure music! There's pure music behind all this." And that's why I wanted to defend Brahms, who was not part of this ideology.

But I think Brahms really did not like the idea of being in this box, in the category of pure musicians. Brahms was of the Beethovenien tradition and Beethoven did not speak of himself as a composer. There was the common word, "komponist" in German. But he coined a new word for himself: "tondichter". Why "tondichter"? Because Beethoven referred to himself as a "poet of sounds." Simply, clearly to say: "I'm saying something. Listen to my sounds, listen to the content. "

I wrote a book called "La Música Interior" (Ed. La Llave, Barcelona, 2015 and Ed. Hollitzer, Austria, 2019) or The Inner Music, already published also in Germany, with the idea that music is basically a way of transmitting experiences. The discussion about whether or not music says this or that has been confused with the idea that music could be like painting, something that is directed to the external world. It would be very poor music, onomatopoeic music, music that imitates sounds. There is a bit of this, for example, in Beethoven's Pastoral, the forest, the water, the waterfalls, the rain, but this is secondary. Music transmits something more intimate. What are these music experiences? It can be said that music transmits love, and this is important.

That music transmits the sacred, and it is important. That music transmits compassion, and it is important. This gives music a sense of spiritual nourishment, a stimulus for the things that are essential in life.

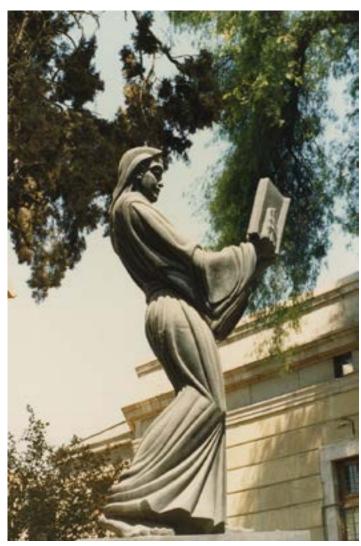
But music is also a story, music is an architecture of sounds in time, with a narrative that sometimes seems to say something. I have been very interested in the language of music. Some people have written that music can not be defined as a language because it has no fixed words, because it does not seem to be of the same nature as verbal language. It is not clear that it can be a non-conceptual language. But, how does this language work?

These topics have interested me because of the influence of a person called Totila Albert, from whom comes the second part of the title of the conference: The journey of the hero in music according to the Musical Diction of Totila Albert.

Totila Albert was a sculptor born in Chile of German parents. He is better known as a sculptor. I was lucky to meet him as a child. My mother had a place where people met, a room, as they used to say in those days. Like so many salons at the time of the French Revolution. A friend of my mother, Claudio Arrau, a well-known pianist, used to say that my mother's house was a bit like the Mendelssohn's house in Germany, where they met great people. I have met Erich Kleiber, Fritz Buch, Micha Elman, Heifetz and well-known pianists everywhere! He was very young, he was six, seven, ten years old ... He did not talk to these people, but it was different when Totila Albert came from Europe. He had left Germany on the last day before the war. On the last day before the war, he told me: "with your hands in your pockets", without possessions, without luggage, on the last ship that left Germany for South America. He was able to do it by virtue of his Chilean birth. He left Chile as a sculptor.

Does my friend Sergio have any photographs of his works?

This is in the cemetery of Santiago de Chile. This sculpture is called "The Angel of Education". He has a book in his hand. It was made for the grave of a president of the republic who was interested in education and in his work.

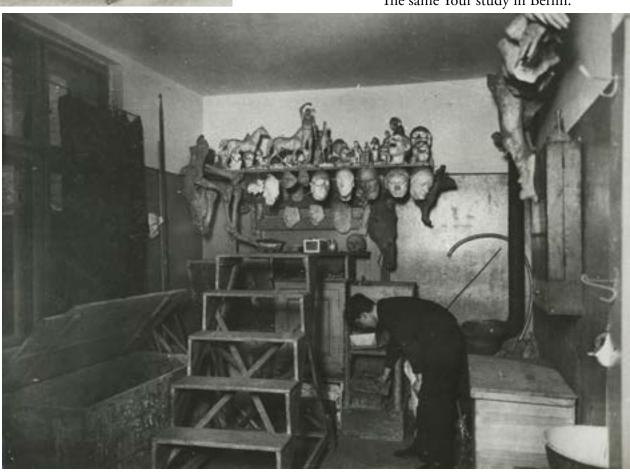




This is he in Berlin in the 1920s, maybe, or earlier.



The same Your study in Berlin.

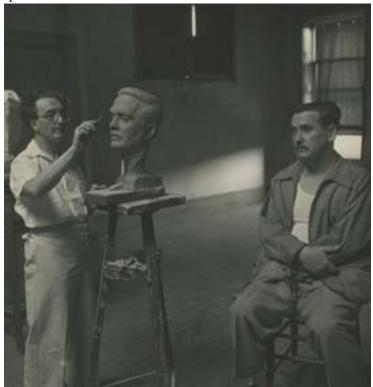




This is later, when I was already working with music.

Here he sculpts a person he met.





This woman is the wife of that other person.





This is a familiar photo, he is the little one on the right. I remember he told me to remember this moment and that he was crying, crying, and did not cooperate to take the picture ... until he was given a small piece of paper that was symbolically meaningful to him: a paper in his hand because he wanted to be a poet .

The same situation, a little later.

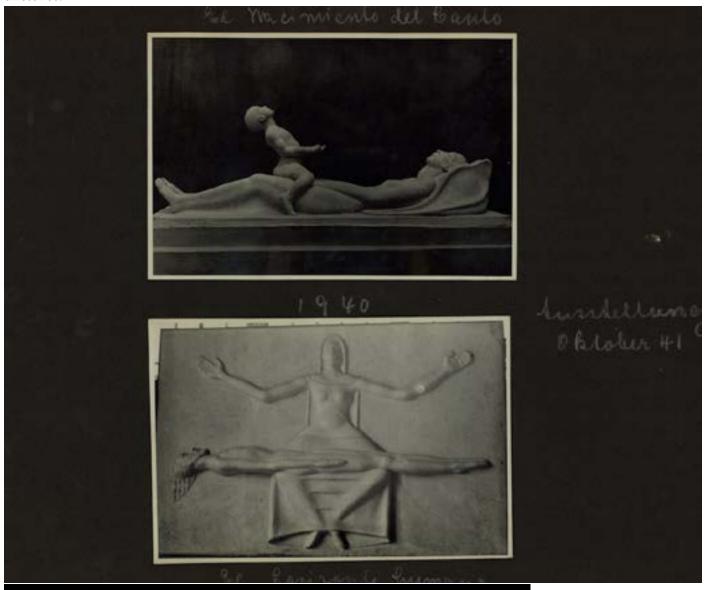




He was the son of a naturalist.

His father had exported trout to South America, he had planted dunes, he had created lobster reserves, pearl farms, oysters. It could be said that he was an ecologist before ecology was defined as a field of study.

The sculpture above was made for a woman who died giving birth. The girl survived, but not her. Totila saw this as symbolic, he called it "the birth of the song", "the superior birth". The part that is like a compass becomes a past existence.





This is Claudio Arrau, our common friend. My name, Claudio, comes from the fact that he was a regular guest in my mother's house and she told him: "if a man is born, I will call him by your name".

His activity as a young portrait painter.

All his life as a sculptor ended when his father died. For him, the loss of his father was so painful that it led him to the inner journey. At the beginning it was like Orpheus, who goes to hell to redeem his father. He had such a strong love for his father that he followed him beyond this life. There began a period in which we could say psychiatrically of madness. Doctors are not very open to the reality of these phenomena, but thanks to these, he began to feel, to listen. He no longer made sculptures; One day to the next. And he began to write verses that came to him as lyric poetry





This is Totila Albert at the age of 37 when he made this transition from sculptor to poet. And the poetic work took the form of an epic, an "epos". And he himself felt the first author of an autobiographical epic in which the hero is not a mythological hero, as in Homer, as well as in Dante; yes, there is a personal hero, the I is the hero, but the content of the Divine Comedy is Greco-Roman mythology and, say, Christian images. The meaning of Totila was to make a phenomenological epic, in which everything is personal experience, although universally it has become a parable.

This is one of his last works, perhaps the last. It is well known in Chile. I wanted to rebuild it to give it to the museum. It took memore than twenty years to give the gift to the museum, to make a metal base to preserve it. Chileans are very suspicious, their minds et from the start is that the other always wants to steal something. Let's leave these photographs of youth as a sculptor.



When Totila wrote his epic "Die Geburt aus dem Ich," "The Birth of the Self," it was like the echo parallel to his inner development. It was a guided tour where every day was a surprise and where every day I had something to write about the history of this trip. It is a story that is not purely a literary activity, but is also an internal activity of transformation guided by the unknown. I did not know him during these years; I met him later. Only from his stories did I learn about this new birth, when his trial ended, when he gave birth to himself, "with the pain of childbirth," he told me. In the sequence, he felt as if he had finished his task. I did not know what to do and said it was like living floating, floating, without being completely on the ground. He had finished his inner journey, his inner birth, even his literary work and did not know what to do among the living, until someone gave him the recording of a Beethoven quartet. He was convinced that Beethoven had followed a similar path, that he had gone through internal states similar to his own.

And he thought: "maybe listening to the music of Beethoven could interpret and poetically reconstruct his process of psycho-spiritual development?" He took on this task, to make an epic about the development of Beethoven through his work.

It's time to start showing the music.

Let's start with the music of the last movement of Beethoven's last quartet? Playing a bit the beginning of the fourth movement. The last quartet of Beethoven, the last movement begins with a motif of three notes, a very enigmatic reason. Not so musical in the sense of melodious.

Beethoven Dictation Quartet op. 135 start 4th mov. (audio)



A little dissonant! Beethoven writes in the notes of the score: "muss es sein?", "Is it necessary that it be?". The musicians are not very metaphysical, they have not thought that maybe the meaning of this question is: "Is it necessary to die?". And they wonder if he was referring to an altercation with his cook: "Beethoven was very irritable, maybe he really had an argument with his cook and put it in his music". Curiously it is the last work he writes. Let's see what Totila does with these notes. To give an idea of the Musical Dictation. He spoke of "Musical Dictation" because he did not feel the author of the poem that came to his ear so impressively. The first time he was successful, he hit the music device, the gramophone, hit him in a state of terror similar to Hamlet's in front of the spectrum.

Beethoven Dictation 4th mov. Quartet op. 135 (video).



I will make you hear something before this last quartet of Beethoven, when Beethoven enters his heroic journey. We are going to listen to the Funeral March of the Eroica; It is easier to read.

Let's see, how many people do not understand German?

Maybe it's the case that we stop at some moments to translate and understand well ... and illuminate the music with the meaning of the words.

Beethoven called this movement "Funeral march for the death of a hero". It is clear that the hero is himself. Even if he is alive. It is a way of talking about inner death.

Beethoven Dictation March Funebre - Eroica (video)



When I read this for the first time I was maybe 21 years old and I did not know German well.

Thanks to some similarities with English, I only understood some things. I was very impressed by the parallelism of the form. How the poetic form makes the musical form more explicit and how even the phonetic coincidence is so exact. I imagine that if I had listened to the music more deeply, I might have felt that this was the "E" of "sehr", or that this was "Über", or that this other one was "O". How can there be such a precise parallel?

When a musician writes music for a poet, as Schubert does so well, neither can this precision be achieved. But the reverse situation does not seem allowed by the musical culture. It is considered normal to write music for a poem, but it is not considered legitimate to give words to music. Some people resist a lot and say: no, this is not music, music should not be mixed with words. But there are other people who feel that this is not just an art, a new art, but a teaching that speaks of things we barely know and that become clearer, even if we do not yet recognize them directly, in a similar way to the Stories of fairies that tell us about things that we have not clearly experienced but that are recommended by culture. We could say, using the Jungian language, that music speaks at an archetypal level.

I did not want to interrupt the continuity of the listening ... but perhaps to compensate I say something about Schubert and how Totila, who believed that he had left Beethoven's work unfinished after leaving Germany, was interested in exploring his work, he used to say "auscultate". I do not know if in Italian this term exists, it is used in Spanish to say, for example, "auscultate the heart of the patient". Auscultas with a stethoscope. He said: "I should listen to Schubert's Unfinished, maybe he'll talk to me too, maybe I'll get a text." I remember that he told me that during his life in Berlin someone had made him listen to Schubert's Unfinished. The image of an Aztec sacrifice came to him, in a pyramid where the prince goes, step by step, to the priest who is waiting with the obsidian knife in his hand, to take his heart and offer it to the Sun. It is known that the Aztecs were people who sacrificed slaves and prisoners of war ... but at the beginning there was the prince who sacrificed himself. It was a supreme spiritual exercise for which he prepared all his life. Totila did not understand why this Aztec image in Schubert's Unfinished. He understood when one day he decided to listen to the Unfinished. This was the moment we became friends. I was about sixteen or seventeen, and he was fifty-something. He could have been my grandfather because of the difference in age. I looked at him with great respect, but he criticized me for looking at him with such respect. He used to tell me: "I allow you to look at me, but it would not be good if you looked at me from the bottom up."

We have developed a relationship of great friendship, of great intimacy. I felt like a student of Socrates, as when in the Symposium, Aristodemo said that he followed Socrates and even observed how he put on his sandals: everything was a teaching. I wanted to understand his way of understanding things. In this sense I became his disciple, one who wants to learn something that is in another dimension. I was very clear that my rational mind could not understand it. But I witnessed how he knew nothing about Schubert. He was not a person who read a lot. Once I went to visit him; He had just finished the first page of his work on Schubert. It became very clear to me that the first sentence was a very obscure question: "Denkst du villeicht an einen frühen Tod?" As if Schubert was referring to himself. I already knew he was sick. Schubert had syphilis, which was like AIDS today.

Schubert Dictation Symph 8 Unfinished 1st mov. (video) Claudio speech in audio 1 - And tremble, "ziterrn"



2 - And the voice of the soul arrives

Through this work, Totila discovers Schubert's sacrifice: sacrifice to his art. Schubert was not like Beethoven, a man of titanic spirit who attracted the admiration of rich and noble who protected him and gave him the means to compose. Schubert had the opportunity to be a teacher at his father's school, but he preferred to be a musician. There was no career being a musician. Just before him, Haydn was a kind of "musical employee" in the court. Beethoven was an exception, but Schubert did not even have a piano. Sometimes he wrote about the tablecloths and napkins of the outdoor restaurants. He suffered a lot. He could not even marry his girlfriend, because his father did not want to give his daughter to someone who did not have enough money to offer her a comfortable life. He renounced everything except the musical vocation, the sense of his vocation. I know this word in German, because Totila used it for himself when he said that the sculpture was his "beruf", while the poem his "berufung", his call. We are called but betrayal of the call is more common than obedience or sacrifice to the call. Then, listening to Schubert, Totila discovered that this inner transformation was not a phenomenon unique to Beethoven; that even through death, the certainty of premature death, this transformation can take place.

Listen to the last pages of the last movement of the great ninth symphony of Schubert. The biggest symphony before Beethoven's novena.

The end of the ninth symphony is a journey through the bards. Show the first page first and then continue to the end.

Schubert Dictation Symph 9 La Grande 4th mov. (video)



Now it advances in the middle of the movement.

Schubert Dictation Symph 9 La Grande 4th mov. from theme of organistrum with horn to the end (video)



After this exploration of Schubert, Totila felt that the musical tradition is not just an imitative and stylistic tradition of music itself. It is like an internal transmission, a transmission of experiences ... that is a lineage, like other spiritual lineages.

And to continue after Schubert, Schumann. Totila discovered that Schumann was also close to madness. For Schumann, psychosis was the path to depth and the possibility of transformation, although it can be said that it was an accidental transformation. Today we know that the accident was not only spiritual but also biological, also because of syphilis. When the pathological anatomy of Schumann's brain was known, it was found that he had no cerebral cortex, but composed with his subcortical brain.

It was not known that this could be possible. It's a bit like saying that in old age our cerebral cortex is not as strong anymore. Some people have harmony, they have reached their being beyond the

conceptual, they have a healthy old age, an age of fulfillment. Others, on the other hand, when brain control disappears, become a caricature of themselves and all that remains is how incomplete life has been. So Totila explored Schumann. I do not think we have time to listen. However, I will say that Totila saw in Schumann the archetype of the fallen angel. A person who identified deeply with this archetype. We are all fallen angels, but it seems that Schumann gave voice to the melody in his music.

Finally, Totila met Brahms. In Brahms he found the closest thing to his vision, to his life experience. Brahms was a person who was lucky not to have to fight hard to reach his fullness. The life of Brahms was not titanic, but based on the love of his parents, with the good fortune of not having fallen so much from Paradise. A more harmonious life at the beginning of his life allowed him to illuminate himself only through the experience of the death of his loved ones. A bit like Dante with Beatrice, if we take the metaphor as such.

I want to do two things: make us feel a bit aof Brahms, the end of the first symphony, and make some final considerations.

Meanwhile, I tell you that, sitting in the middle of the first row, there is Eduardo Ribeiro, a Brazilian orchestra conductor who helps Sergio Vasselli to make this text synchronized with music, because in the times of Totila he showed me poetry - every week, when I visited him, one day a week - he guided me with a pencil or something to indicate. But this is not easy to convey in a publication. Imagine publishing these texts without music and then buying music to see what phrase is synchronized? It is not so easy. You get lost ... Sometimes, an orchestra conductor gives more voice to the bass, another one to the clarinet! Even in a string quartet, sometimes one gives more voice to the first violin and another to the viola. You get lost and it's hard to find oneself again. I had the miracle of being able to recount what I could remember, of what he showed me with music.

It's been two years since I started guiding Sergio in this job ... and Eduardo began to help me, because I did not have that much time and energy left to practically decipher the coincidence (of sounds and words). Normally help is required. The only case of a person who read without wanting to be guided was Celibidache. Celibidache was with Totila around the 1950s. He arrived in Chile, still young, from Romania. After reading all of Schumann's fourth symphony (he was covered in sweat), he said: "This is fantastic, but do not say that this is not yours! He did not want to take this position, that the Dictation came from the level of the Muses. , from a level that is not of the ordinary mind, so today it is available, I used the skills of Sergio Vasselli to do something like a "Karaoke", which can be transmitted, it is a new art that requires a new technique.

But this did not enter the German-speaking public. I've tried it in Germany.

I think that in Germany they hate Goethe, or Beethoven, because they were very idealized by the Nazis, because their ancestors were proud of the sense of greatness of the German genius. I think that for this they prefer Kitaro or punk. One can not write poetry in rhyme in Germany.

This is rejected as being too similar to the classical originals. I think this was an interference and for this reason I felt, when I saw Bolzano, that it might be different here; There is an admiration for classical music that has not suffered the same German phenomenon, the rebellion of Germans from the style of their grandparents. This explains why I am here, hoping that someone will take this project to put it on the market, in music stores, in bookstores, I do not know where. One does not expect to create a general interest, but perhaps (one can find) enough audiences to market something and allow those who commit to this commitment to live. Eduardo is the person who is

most interested in understanding these things. He teaches these ideas on musical hermeneutics, but he does not speak German and does not have much commercial sense, I think. Therefore, it is part of my motivation to tell you that, if someone is interested in being part of this project, you can contact Eduardo at this email address: ribeiro1685@gmail.com.

Ginetta can be a reference, or you can try to contact me through my website, even if I'm not very in touch with my website ... but I say important things and this would be important.

Let's go to Brahms. I consider him an invisible saint. I consider him a realized person. They published an interview with Brahms made in the presence of Joachim, a famous violinist of the time, to whom he had dedicated the concert for violin. An American music journalist, Arthur M. Abell, asked Brahms his secret: "What is the secret of its composition?" Because when you make music there is something different from Bruckner, and something different from all the predecessors, something really Brahminian. It is not clear what it is: a harmonic formula, a way of making a counterpoint? "Brahms replied:" I am willing to answer this question if there is a commitment not to disclose it before fifty years after my death. "

I remember years ago I met someone, Harnold Kerserling of Vienna, (he taught mathematics, a man of great culture) who told me that the interview with Brahms had been published and that it was legible. And what does Brahms say to posterity? "The secret of my music, it's just not my music, I just empty my head, everything is divine, it's what's called" Revelation "when it comes to writing, the phenomenon of revelation, the phenomenon of inspiration within. He was a very modest man and this was not something he could say, he always spoke contemptuously of the importance of his works, it was his sin, he was too modest.

But let's hear the last movement of the first symphony.

I do not know what the public prefers. Listen to the music and meditate a bit with the music, before the text? We have time? Just listen to the music, with Horenstein. Horenstein was a friend of mine, he believed in me when I was still a teenager. He was my mother's friend, he was the conductor of the Amsterdam orchestra.

Brahms Sinf 1. op 68 4th mov. (audio)



How does it sounds? What does it say? It's like the beginning of "cante hondo", the gypsy song in Spain, always begins with an "ahiiiiiii". In German "Ahhhhhh".

Sometimes even Shakespeare uses the "Aye".

Ahiiiiiii, a great lament. Let's hear it again.

Brahms Sinf 1. op 68 4th mov. (audio)



Claudio speech in audio

00:22 min Reflection on mortality. - 00:37 min when there is only death, (....) ghost ... as in the grave, with a background of ghosts, fantasies, fears. - 01:14 min The memory of what has been lost, the nostalgia. - 01:41 min Ahiiiiiiiii. begins to come alive. - 02:25 min As someone who in pain opens up to another dimension. As if the doors of heaven were opening and saying something. Something about transcendental peace. - 03:11 min... acceptance.

Here comes something that I call "the Bodhisattva song", the state of fulfillment in which the person is already healed and begins to heal others and take care of the world.

Brahms Sinf 1. op 68 4th mov: "the Bodhisattva song" (audio)



But let's move on to the Musical Dictation, and listen to this and a little more, as a final.

Brahms Sinf 1. op 68 4th mov. complete (video)



Thank you. (Applause)

For how many people has this musical listening of poetry been meaningful? Who feels that this is a treasure? Maybe half. It is not for everyone.

(A member of the public comments on difficulties with the language)

Claudio: This is a very important natural factor. I have not learned German well until now, but every time I listen I understand it better and it feeds me. It's like ... it's not just what's called beauty. I did my part, I do not want to say much more. But as I say often, I have finished many things in life, I have completed many of my projects. This is the most incomplete of all, it is from a great friend who was a mentor, he was a spiritual father, although I did not consider him a guide, a teacher, because he discouraged this attitude. Because he was not someone to tell you what to do or what not to do. He was not like Gurdjieff, whom I had as a professor after him. He sang alone, he sang from the other side, he did not tell you how to go there with your boat. How to improve your internal hydraulic system, in your boat.

Then, he left these works in my hands, not only ... he told me the last day of his life ... The day before, just like the day before the war, he took the ship. The day before a mesenteric embolism that ended his life, he greeted me at the door of his house and said: "Adiós Totila". I thought it was mental confusion and he reiterated: "No, now I'm leaving, you're Totila." I said: "But I can barely understand you, you speak of the message of the three, you have had a death in life, a rebirth in life, I can hardly imagine these things". And he said again: "You only need one thing, and you do not have to do anything to have it: pain, which comes alone, you will have it in two years". Two years later, my son died and everything opened for me, as he said. He felt he knew where to put his seed. Not only was he a great artist, for me he was a prophet. I have always felt it, I perceived him as a Prophet. A failed prophet, with only one disciple. And I felt like a pretty unsuccessful disciple. Barley anything. Until recently, I began to feel a great transformative effect on people, but it took me a long time. It's as if all my work is inspired by his understanding of things. He never taught me anything. That is why it is a mysterious influence in my life. I think I will have the satisfaction of seeing this enter the world ... and I have the intuition that it will happen here. So everything depends on email ... (Laughter).

If someone wants to say something before leaving?

Question 1 - I would like to know more about the subject of the call. When he said for the first time that more times a person refuses and does not accept it, he does not sacrifice himself to the call. What does it mean to sacrifice for a call?

Claudio - It is said that many are called and few are chosen. I will say more precisely: we are all called! It is the human vocation: to make the great Journey. We are here on this planet as if we had been sent to purgatory to progress, to have an evolution in consciousness. But very rarely does a person arrive, I do not say that it is fruitful, but that it flourishes. Most people fall asleep with the air of the country. There are cultures like in South America where a large percentage of people are shamans. The shamanic vocation is not so rare: perhaps it is more than the medical vocation among us. It is like a human capacity that people who have helped themselves enough, who have progressed in their own way, have to heal, to help. Today the values are all subject to the value of the benefit. What dictates the world is an economic dictatorship. They are not people, they are not personal interests, they are mathematical interests. The machine walks alone and people attend.

One can think of an oligarchy that agrees and that this oligarchy is like being delivered to the machine, as in science fiction, in so many novels in which they say that a great computer takes over the world. I believe it is true: We all have a metaphysical vocation, even if few people take it into consideration or give it a capital importance.

 $\textbf{Question 2} \text{ - Words and music sometimes seem like one thing. Even in the so-called light music, listening to Lucio Dalla, Battisti, it is as if the music and the word were one.$

Claudio - Yes, they are all one, as he says.

(The question continues) ... and even in the ninth symphony of Beethoven's Hymn to Joy, even there, you feel that music ... what is your feeling? When you heard these songs with these words, were they words from Totila or did you feel that Totila was giving a word to something that you also felt? That is, what is the universality of this work, that Totila will give words to these notes?

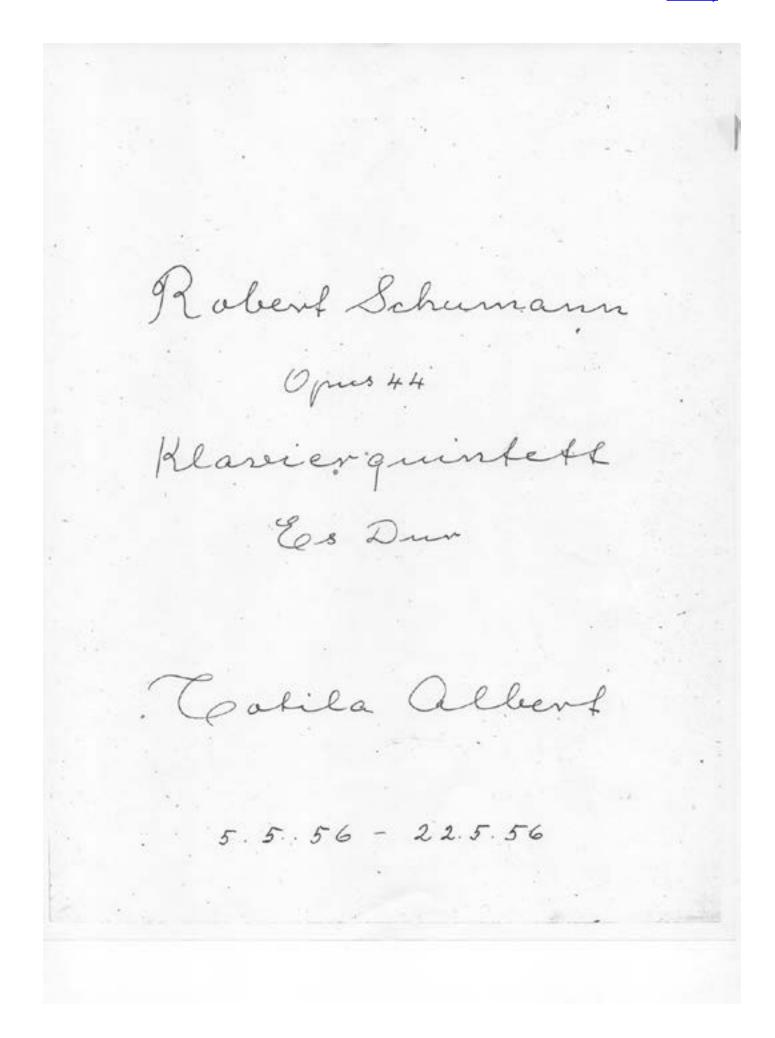
Claudio: It would be a bit long to answer ... but ... I think Totila himself did not have the same opinion at the beginning of his dictation work, as more recently, later. I think that when he heard the words that came from the music of Beethoven, as in "Muss es sein" or in the Eroica symphony or the first sonata, when the voice appeared for the first time, he was terrified! I compared him to Hamlet when he saw the ghost ... Totila hit the gramophone. He surrendered like a living specter. So his experience was that of a medium. I think he had an implicit opinion that what he heard came from Beethoven or Schubert, or Schumann, or Brahms, or Mozart, or Bach, because he also explored other musicians. I think that with the passage of time it changed ... it was no longer the individual voice. He said that his work was like that of a diver who goes to the ocean to take the logos of "melos". And under the music itself, the musical logic and its melodic, ideas or concepts. He said: "The language sleeps in the ear of the composer". He observed how Mozart (Mózart, Mózart) uses this serious accent a lot. How Johánnes Bráhms - Jo hánnes Bráhms - signs his works. O Johánn Sebástian Bách signs his music with this cadence, Jo hánn Sebá stian Bách. He had this belief: that the musical process is not completely disconnected from the language. And he did not allow himself to listen to Chopin or Debussy because he did not speak their language. I could not do a similar job. That's why I think his interpretation was more universal. The reason is very mysterious. I think I must say that I witnessed some great coincidences. Just like when he was questioned about a Beethoven quartet and someone brought him the answer, telling him that he had dreamed about Beethoven that night. Even in Schubert's Unfinished, I think a dream ... was reflected in what he wrote. And sometimes Beethoven said something like "look at the storm"; On a piano sonata we need Shakespeare's "Tempest". Or in the fourth piano concerto, Beethoven said "look at Orfeo and Eurydice." He accepted that there were references in his work to contents already present in other works of art. Therefore, this is the reason why I say that I do not care so much about knowing the mechanism, where it comes from ... because I have the certainty of the value in itself (of the Dictation) as art; and these works touched me more deeply than the rest of the art. I was a musician, I was a classical pianist before I met Totila. My way of playing Brahms has improved a lot without talking about Brahms, just by understanding these works. If I say that I felt like a spiritual son of Totila, it's not so much about the things he told me personally, but about this kind of transmission through his work. It had many effects on me, but, in a certain sense, I received a blessing through his work. The miracle of the coincidence between words and music reminds me of the miracle of Elijah in the Old Testament. During the dispute with the priests of Baal who fail to light the fire for sacrifice. When it's Elia's turn ... He calls the fire. Lightning comes and everything is on fire. The precise moment is like a resonance with the divine will. Very mysterious

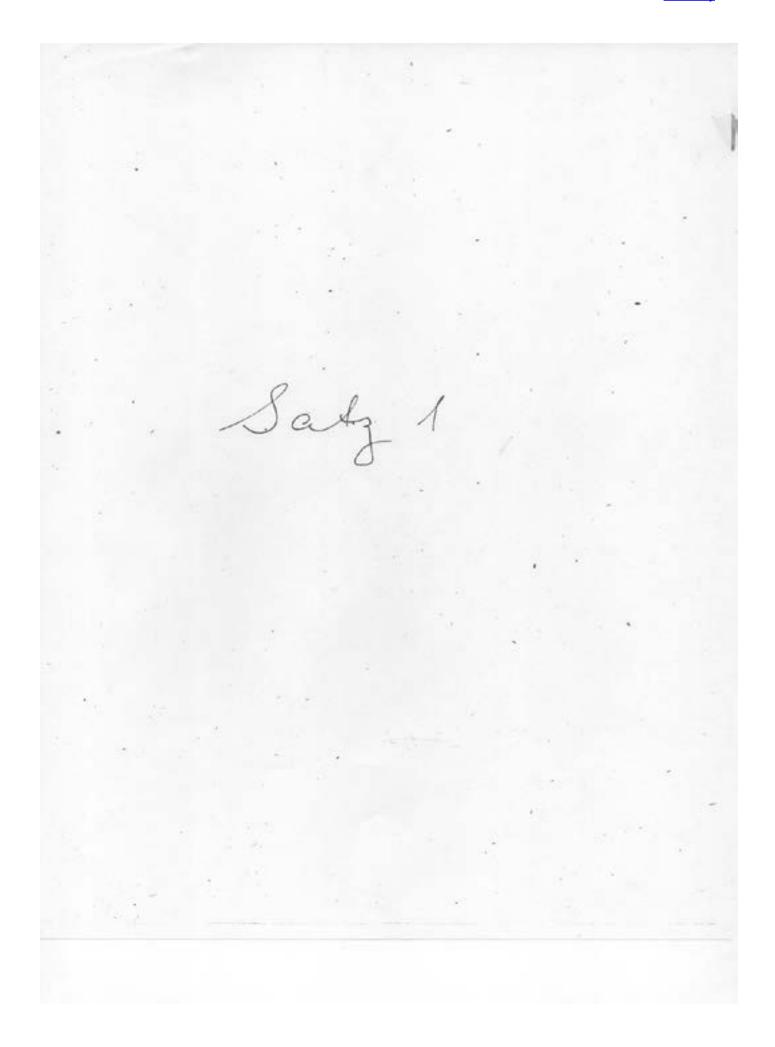
Let me say that I had an intuitive conviction. I am not a person who believed so much in my intuition, a weakness of mine that stems from the fact that I was raised too scientifically, but my intuition tells me, and always told me, that Totila was Elia, the reincarnation of Elia.

Thank you

Robert Schumann Klavierquintet Es Dur Opus 44

Totila Albert Manuscript: first movement





5.5.56 Ost! West! Noval! Sied! Steigt aus meiner Herzensmitte! . Nacht! Jag! gott spricht: Teilt euch in die Erwigkeit! Wie gevn lag ich in deiner Herzensmitte goll rvie fern lag mir in dir die dunkle Ewigkeit geht mir dein aufgeteiltes Herz mein Golf rvie schnell es wechselt groischen Lust und Schmerz Warren ? Sprich!

Weil ich zugleich in mir gewesen half ich vom greten und vom Bösen War ich gut als ich in dir gelegen? War ich schlecht endziche mir den Segen! War ich beides rvaven sviv dessvegen Lust und Leides reallig unberousst? Sprich! Licht roar in uns moch bacht Nacht swar in uns moch Licht Vichts war zu underscheiden!

(3) Nichts hatten svir zu leiders EnvigReit der Freuden! voave in uns beiden als ein grund zu leiden? also war der grund die Vacht vom Licht abzutvennen? und zu brennen! Spiel mit dem Element! wie die Wahrheit breunt! willst du au dir leiden! Licht will ich -Sprich geliebler! mach dem dimblen tener Lust will ich geliebber! umso machtgebreuer

mich die Sehnsucht deiner Vacht deines Lichts nach der Vacht in dir selbst zengte 9-31 dir die Vacht bewusst Licht aus der eignen Brust mein Luzifer dann grind die Stevne an! Einer hier · einer da einer dont · goth! Celeer um die Nacht in Brand zu setzen brauch ich Deine Erwigheil und die liegt aufgeteilt aus dir in lag und Nacht rvie mach ich beide rvieder dein um dir ein Luzifer zu sein?

Mein Sohn ruie strong musis dir der Varler scheinen? Von den Engeln sollst du mir der nächste sein! Wie gevir will ich die andern Engel sehen golf muss deine Vähe mir erscheinen dass von Stevn zu Stevn ich nur die Engel Rommen seh mein golf rvie schon sie sind Rann ich es auch sein? goth waven nicht? Nannt er mich doch seiner Engel nächsten hob er mich micht auch zum allerhochsten? Gott, wie schon du bist, geliebter Bruder, anzusehn fast wie die andern Vorieder

6 dein Gesicht ein wenig allzutvaurig bist wohl wisht gewohnt allein zu sein? Sag! Frauvig? Wavum auch micht? Einsam is & auch das Licht heilsam es augugunden Einsamer branchet du nicht zu. 5. als wir Engel alle heilsamer ist es schon zu zwein roieviel mehr im Falle golf durch die Dunkelheit der Vacht aus Licht yn uns spiricht ach! und evlischt Spricht und danach evlischt? ihm das Work enfrischt weifs auch rusher es leuchtet!

· Sag Schweig geliebter! elva vissen solltest wenn du-Schweig geliebter! es moch wissen wolltest gode weiß wie er den abguund überlevickt aus der Vacht in das Licht und grevick findet weißs ner überbrückt er damit beglickt hat Ich bin Luzifer! Von Stevn zu Stevn

überbrück ich die Vacht mit dem Licht gab mir den Befehl von anfang an als ich noch lag im Schofs der Nacht die mich aus sich geboven recil goth Raum und Zeil ans seinem Herzen aus geteilt Bis gott im Herzen weilt sind micht ausgeheilt Rount ihr micht leben Eilt! The missh golf sammeln in die Erwigkeit The wish wo golf gu finden ist

gottes Nahe! golfes Fenne! Some wehe aus dem Stevne! Vimm die Höhe · lass mir Tiefe golf, ich selie was ich schrife! Nur in meine Seele hovehen micht in deine zum Gehorchen Trei, zu leben! Frei, zu skerben! Sagt ich leben? Sagt ich sterben? Lass den Tod frei zum Gebären aus dem Votschrei in den Sphäven Tool muss sein rvie gott gebären! Stevben? Vein! Sich gott erklaven!

Flor Luzifer! Komm guvuck spricht der Herr überbrück ihm die Nacht und gile Engeln Stevnenwieder Rehr! Then ist die Vacht in mir gewiss Joh fauch in meine Tinsternis! Gott gehovehen nach Geboten ist ein Hovehen in die Token Joh befehle meinem Glevzen aus der Seele Lust und Schmerzen gott ist genge dass dem Tod ich mich nicht beuge bis die Vot wich

goff, ich sehe Tod der geister auferstehe ihver Meister alle heifs ich Golf ensbirden also weifs ich dich zu finden nicht finden das ist Sinde mir Winde, dass ichs Rinde! Willig, Engel, Rammet ihr wieder? Sei briederlich mit de auch uns gehorst du Luzifer!

Wie fern ihr seid gott recht zu lieben zeigt der Stevn der in der Vacht geblieben Dunkler Stevn ich will auf dir das Licht entfachen erdenfern roillich euch selber leuchten machen denn geist Spricht im Blut der Flerzen rend der Vod innen? in Lust und Schmerzen ans der Vot sinnen? Wieviel Schmerzen braucht die Lust zum leben? Wreviel Lust rvill gatt uns dafür geben?

(13)gatt ist Liebe sagen uns die Sterne doch wie sviele sie aus dunklem Kern? : Sprich! ist ein leichtes Spiel Self euch nur enst ein tiel Dann gilet es auch viel Centwork ausweichend muss die auswork sein stellt die Zukunft Tragen Consveichend muss die antwork sein auch in unsern Tagen ausgleich reon Lust und Leid war gold Fiel schon im Flimmel! Und auf Enden?

gall rvenn es ihm gefiel uns ein andres Liel lässt us auch wieder Rehven Wrie? Weim ich geliebter! niemals wiedenkehre? Liebt er mich -Drei Mal, geliebber! ruenn ich lieblos rvave? Das kann dem Wesprung aus dem Licht nicht geschehn du wirst ihn rviedersehn! Dreimal!

Sperecht ihr von der gebeurt? Schwacht ihr den Sternengurt dann will ich Luzifer auf Erden sein von geburt zu geburt über den Tool! Sag was ist der Tod s ist der Tod im Leben? Tod Vengeburg rdevn Leben gall geboven sein! Wicht geist allein auch Seele sein Sellest Fleisch und Bein!

Schauerlich sind unsve Zeichen! Habt ihr Furcht vor euren Leichen? Wolld ihr Engel wiederschen lasst die Utither in die Wehen Idonunt und zeugt! ans dem Un = gewissen niemals aus dem Ungewissen niemals aus den tinsternissen immer aus dem fürchterlichsten Licht Round der Tod 9.5.56

Video first movement

Robert Schumann
Opus 44
Klavierquintett
es dur
Totila Albert
5.5.56 - 22-5-56

English Translation first movement

Robert Schumann Opus 44

Piano Quintet in E flat Major

Totila Albert

5.5.56 - 22.5.56

1st Movement

5.5.56

East !

```
West !
             North!
             South!
Rise from the center of my heart!
             Night!
              Day!
               God
             speaks:
     You two share eternity !
             I Loved
to be lying in your heart's center
               God
             how far
from me was dark eternity in you
        and now how close
   to me is your divided heart
              my God
             how fast
```

it changes between lust and pain Why ? Speak !

For I
was
you in me at the same time
I had
peace
from both good and from evil

Was I good
when I was lying in you?
If I was bad
withdraw the blessing from me!
If I was both
were we because of that
not aware of
the lust and the pain?
Speak!

Light
was in us still night
night
was in us still light
No
there was no distinction !

The
only suff'ring we had
was
eternity of joy!
This
would be for both of us
just
a reason to suffer?
This
therefore was why the night was
from light
separated?
To be burning!

Play
with the element !
Feel
how the truth does burn !
Lie
to suffer from yourself!

Light I want -

Speak
beloved!
after the dark fire
lust I want -

Speak beloved!

so more true to the night

when
the longing of your night to
the light
of your light after the night
in you begot me

Are
you sure of the night
light
out of your own chest
my Lucifer
then do ignite the stars !

One here
one at hand
one in view
God!

Yet to set the night
alight with fire
I need
Your eternity
which is divided out of you
in night and day
how do I make both yours again
to be a Lucifer for you?

My son
how severe must father seem to you ?
Of the angels
you should be closest to me!

How I'll
like to see the other angels
God
how far
does your closeness have to seem to me
that from star to star
I just see the angels arrive
my God
how nice they are
may I be so too ?

God
but why
not ?
Did he name
me closest to his angels
and raised me
way above all the others ?

God how grand
you are, beloved brother,
you nearly
look like the other brothers

your face a little too mournful you are not used to being alone ? Say !

Mournful ?
Should it not be ?
Lonely
is the light too
wholesome
is to ignite it

You need not be more lonely than
all of us angels here
more wholesome it is for us two
how much more so in case
God
through the darkness of the night
in light
speaks to us
Ah!
and goes out

Speaks
and goes out after ?
Who
refreshes his word
does know
from where it's shining !

Tell us what -

Shush Beloved !

you probably should know

Ask if you -

Shush Beloved!

still would want to know it

God
knows how he
may bridge over
the abyss
between night
and the light
and return
safely

I do know who has bridged and who has been made happy

> I am Lucifer ! From star to star

I bridge the night over with the light

God
gave me the order
from the outset
when I was
still inside night's womb
which gave me birth of itself
because God handed
out space and time right from his heart

Till
God
dwells in our heart
we
aren't
recovered well
and
you
cannot live

Quick !
You must
save
God into the endlessness
You know where you may locate God

Nearness of God!
Distance from God!
The sun may fly
out of the star!

You take the height leave me the depth God so I see what I would form!

Just to listen into my soul not into yours just to obey

Be free, to live !
Be free, to die !
Did I say live ?
Did I say die ?

Let death be free to create birth crying for help within the spheres

Death
must be
like God must give birth!
To die ? No !
Vouch yourself to God!

```
Hear
Lucifer!
Come back here
says the Lord
overbridge
him the
night
and
give
the
angels
return to the stars!
```

For him the night in me is sure I disappear in my darkness!

Obeying God
by commandments
means listening
into the dead

I'm ordering
my heart to take
out of my soul
pleasure and pain

God is witness that I was not bending to death till need gave way

God, I see the dead spirits of their masters resurrected

I tell you all give birth to God so that I know how to find you

Not
to find God
that
is a sin
Help
me, you winds,
to
announce it!

Angels, do you want to come back?

God
with
you!

Be fraternal with all your brothers!
Not
just
God!
You are ours too
Lucifer!

How far
you are from loving God well
shows the star
that has remained in the night
darkly star
I want to kindle the light on you
far from earth
I want to render yourselves to shine
for
the
force
speaks

Fire lives In the blood of hearts -

And the death inside ?

Fire shakes us in lust and pain

and need makes us think?

Say, how much pain
lust needs to be living?
How much lust
God wants to give us for this?

God is all love
the stars are telling us
but how may it
grow from a dark core ?
Speak !

It
is an easy game
Just
set yourselves a goal
Then
many answers will come

The answer has to be vague if the future asks questions the answer must be sufficient even in our days

Even
weight for lust and pain was
God's
own
goal
yet in heaven!

And on this earth ?

God
when it suited him
set
us another goal
and
let us also return

What ? If I -

Ah Beloved !

never come back again ? He Loves me -

Three times, beloved!

what if I were loveless?

This
will the source out of the
light
In
God
not let happen
for you will
see him again!
Three times!

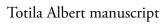
```
Do
   you speak about birth?
           Should
    you dim the star belt
            then
           I will
           Lucifer
      be on this earth
       from this birth
        to that birth
          beyond my
           death!
    Tell me what is death
what signifies death in life?
            Death
              is
```

is
a rebirth
in a life beyond this one
God
will
too
want to be born!
Not just spirit
but soul as well
and flesh and bone!

Horrifying are our signs!
Are you afraid of your corpses?
You want to see angels again
Let the mothers enter labor
Come and breed!

From primeval insight
never from an uncertainty
never from those obscurities
always from the most terrible
light

comes the death



Summary

Totila Albert Manuscript: second movement



(47) Enschreckt nicht vor euch selver! Jch Romm über Leichen und ich heifs der Tod Bleib! Ich Rann euch noch icht enveichen riber euch ist gott Er schickt mich evst in das Leben wenn er es von euch nimmt Seht!

Joh Rann euch micht übersehen in euch erglimme auch micht überhären weil es gath in euch vernimme Hort! Joh Rann mich selbst überhären svenn mich Joth stimmt Ich weifs eine Laube und braucht Rein Laub zu sein ach!

Vielleicht in dem Staube und braucht Rein Staub zn sein nichts zu vauben sondern nur das Licht im Schrein ach! Joh Ronnt mich selbst ülierglauben ginge golf drauf ein . Vielstimmig ist der Tod zumal in Fleisch und Bein

Wacht and die ihr noch schlaft im Schofs der Vacht so sacht! So sacht rvie man im Schlaf von einem Traum erwacht Woher ihr Ramt evinnent ener Herz nicht mehr Wohin. ihr geht bekummert es vielleicht zu sehr Versteht es gibt ein Wiegenlied für den . der Romms Versteht es gibt ein Wiegenlied für den der geht glaubt!

Die Nacht verlier ihre Lieden denn sie lullt euch ein glaubt! Wer gehl der kommt nimmer wieder denn er sveibt Nein Und wallh sich Golf nicht bejahen . als Er euch vief ins Sein ya!

Dann soll nur das untergehen vas schon in goth verblich nur das auferstehen was der Tod versprach dem Joh Ja! Was ich gemacht aus dem Leben überlebt arich mich Was rachte ich!

(23) Was noch Romint mache ich! Wer? Jch? Hast du denn noch ein Jch? Noch du der mit sich selber spricht! gib zu du houst dich selber nicht denn over mit einem spricht vervechselt nicht das Ich rvie die! Wer roechselt aus dem Joh? Nur du! Wer wechself aus dem Du? Entsprich! War denn mein Köngrer Ich? war meine Seele Joh? War nicht der geist mein Joh? Der geist? Der geist an dem ich dich erkannt er lebt! En lebt? als geist im geisterland!

Du starlest! Ich start? Du Rennst nicht den du starbst den Tod? Der Tod? Dann sprich von der Gebrert aus diesem Leib im Licht in jenen für die Vacht in got! Im gott? Du leblest doch in ihm so lang! Ich sang Wie jeder Engel singt den Luzifer beschwingt rvie jeder Engel schweigt rvenn Luzifer sich zeigt und mit dem Tode vingt: Ev vang! Ich sang. Dann war doch Luzifer in dir? In mer? nompeten Klangen dir im Ohr! gnvor!

Dann gibt es ein Danach rvovon? Your Ton! Im For schwingt alles mit reoraus und auch zunück svie es der augenblick erlist! Ich litt? Dann weifst du nicht du vourst Sofkrank? Joh sang! Dann sang in dir der Tod dann vang in deiner Nat auch Luziger für dich und das neunst du dein Sch? Evklar es mir und sprich! Joh sing und ving um dein Leben und du weifst micht

Es brennt im Ohn un das Beben aber nicht das Licht Du spinst den Kampl mit dem Engel und siehst noch nicht den glang Enfiell die Zahl deiner Mangel dann siehst du ihn auch gang und winfst deine Habe in den Tokentang Es liegt einmal and dem grabe auch ein Tatenkvanz

Leb wohl der du dein Leben ausgehaucht · Wir auch! Wir auch emplangen über Joth von dir den Flauch Rommen alle an wo du jetzt bish gerrost es ist ein atengug bis zu der Frist Bleile! Es ish mit dir night vovieler denn es Rommt die Leit Bleil!

Da nimme deine Lieder sich zu Lust und Leid Dann nimmt er auch deine Liebe Sur das was sie uns war gast! Es war ein Herz voller Triebe und vang mit dir sugar wie der deiner Engel der dir einst der liebste war

Doch You nun ihm gervogen fir die Lust Sein Schlug ihn der Tod dafter nieder sind doch sein grale seine Lieder wieder dein 11.5.56

Video second movement



English Translation second movement

2nd Movement

```
Don't be
scared
of
yourselves!
```

I come
to me
over corpses
and my name
is
death

Stay !

I can
as yet
not quite reach you
above you
is
God

He sends me just into the life when he takes it from you

See !

I can
not fail
to notice you
for God
in you
does glow
and not
fail to hear you
because God
in you
hears it

Hear !

I can
hear me
myself quite well
when God it
so
wants

I know
for God
an arbor does
not need
foliage
to be

Ah!

Perhaps
God lies
within the dust
and does
not to
be dust
there is
nothing to rob
but there in
the shrine
is light

Ah!

I could
have me
overbelieve
if God would
let
me

Death is polyphonic

for sure
in flesh
and
bone

Wake up
you who still sleep in the night's lap
gently!
Gently
as if waking up asleep from
a dream

From where
you came your heart does remember
no more
Where to
you go does bother it perhaps
too much

Believe
there is a lullaby for him
who comes
Believe
there is a lullaby for him
who goes

Trust !

```
The night
loses
its melodies
for it lulls
you
in
```

Trust !

Who goes
will come
never back for
he floats in
the
No

And would
not God
confirm himself
as he
called you
to be ?

Yes!

```
Then shall
just that
come to an end
which yet
faded
in God
```

just that
resuscitate
what death did
promise
the I

Yes!

What I
made
out of my life
will survive
also
me

What was there I made !

```
What
will
come
I'll make !
```

Who ? I ?

```
Do you still have an I?
         Not you
who's talking to himself!
          Admit
you do not hear yourself
 because who speaks to you
  does not confuse the I
        like you!
Who changes from the I?
       Just you!
Who changes from the you?
        As well!
    So my body was I ?
  Or was my soul the I?
  Was spirit not my I ?
       The spirit ?
        The spirit
   I recognized in you
       he lives!
       He lives ?
 Spirit in spirit land!
```

```
You died!
          I died ?
You don't know whom you died
        your death?
         My death?
   Then remember the birth
   from body full of light
  in the ones for the night
          in God !
          In God ?
  But you have lived in him
          so Long!
          I sang!
   Like ev'ry angel sings
     whom Lucifer elates
  like all angels are mute
    when Lucifer appears
and when he fights with death:
         He fought!
          I sang!
    But then Lucifer was
          in you ?
           In me ?
   The trumpets sounded in
         your ear !
          Before !
```

There is an afterwards from what ? From tone ! In the tone all resounds ahead and also back as suffered the moment indeed! I hurt ? Then you don't know you were so sick? I sang! Then sang in you the death then struggled in your need Lucifer for you too and you call that your I? Explain to me and speak !

I sing
and I
fight for your life
and you don't
know
It

```
It burns
in my
ear just the quake
but not
the
light
```

You feel the fight with the angel and see not yet splendor Fulfill the count of your failings the you see him fully and throw your assets in the death dance There lies for once on the grave mound also a death wreath

Farewell
You who expelled his last breath
We also!
We also
have received via God from you
the breath

Calmly
do all of us arrive where you
are now
Be calm
it's just a breath away from the
deadline

Stay !

It is
for you
not over yet
for there is
the
time

Stay !

And God also takes all your songs for his lust and pain

Then he
also
takes all your love
for what
it was
for us

God!

It was
a heart
full of desire
and fought
with you
even

like the
one angel who
once was the
one you loved
best

Yet

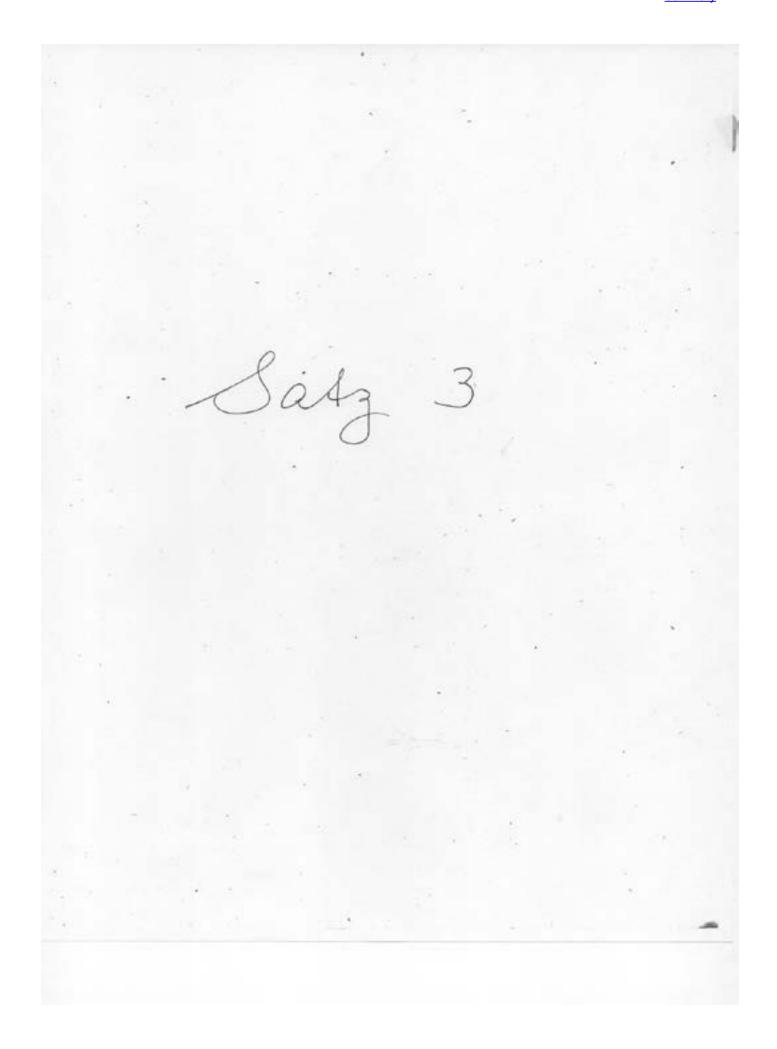
From now
on you
should favor him
for the
lust
of
life

If death did down him for all that

then gain his grave and all his songs back for you

Summary

Totila Albert Manuscript: third movement



Wir Rehren als erste zum Himmel zwick Wir haben die Erde noch immer im Blick Versucht new, ihr Engel, das irdische Glück Es ist etwas selfsames um das Geschick! Wie friedlich ihr ausseht im leinevnen Hernd! als wehlen die Fraume der Schlafenden her! Das Roumt von der Erde! Erzählt uns noch meh! Wir schliefsen die augen von innen erfüllt Wir nehmen die Lust der Vollendung genau Wir haben der Ende den Himmel enthillt Wir nannten es einfacher: Mann oder Frau! Wie leicht ihr euch fühlen müsst ohne die Last! Entfaltet die Flügel der Herkunft: Erwacht! Wie habt ihr den Himmel zusammen gefasst. Wie sven sich umarmen der Pag und die Vacht! Es haben sich Himmel und Erde begrifst: Erzählt uns nun von Luzifen! Ich hab mein gedächtnis noch nicht eingebisch auf meinen Vamen Romm ich her! O Wunder, du Rommst svenn man nur von dir spricht, Ist meine Geschwindigkeit nicht die vom Licht? So strahlender ragt über uns dein Gesicht! So heiliger ist mir die ewige Pflicht: Die Errde braucht noch viel mehr Licht!

Die willigsten Engel versammelt um mich! Ich branche viel Kraft zur Geburt aus dem Ich! Verandert die Erde die Engel au sich? Dann streiten wir mudig in Luzifers Fleer! Vor galt sich verändern fällt Lugifer schwer! und Rommen wir an, was enwarted uns dann? gebreved und Tod, wie ihr schon wiss 4! rend sind wir geboren als Weib und als lann? Geprieft, bewährt, geliebt, gekisst! Beeile dich, Luzifer, saume nicht lang! Ist euch vorm Werden und Sterben nicht bang? Versprich uns Evinnerung bei der Geburt! Der Tod stellt Evinnerung über Gebrut! Ich führe hin, er führt zunick! Ein Lichtbräger werden wie du, welch ein glüch! Enmesst ever glick nicht nach Lust oder Leid! Das Messen beginnt erst in Raum und in Zeit! Dann warfet Ropfiber im Mitterleile al! Tur gott in die Wiege! Tur Jost in das Grab!

Gott, du weißt ich hab empfangen aus unendlich tiefer Lust Beit die Engel es min sangen bin ich dessen mir bewusst flilf dem Kind im Mutterleib dass es leb und bei dir bleib Sollt es mehr nach dir verlangen hilf dem armen schwachen Weib Schenk dem Valer ein Gebet das mir mehr zu Flerzen geht flat ein Weh erst angefangen roeiß man nie wohin es roeht

Sie spricht mit dem Engel
im Schofs ihrer Mängel
und denkt sie bespricht sich mit gott und mit euch!
Wie fündet, ihr Engel, mein himmlisches Reich?
Es rvindet ein Warm sich in blindester Vächt
und ist doch ein Engel der rviedererwacht!
Es fliegt auch ein Schmetterling aus einem Warm!
Vun sagt nur wir lagen in Jott wie im Ei!
Dann war auch im göttlichen bi schon der Warm!
Es lag auch die Nächt drin und fruchtete bei!
Wieviel ihr von Engeln und Wirmen versteht!
Verpuppt sich nicht der Wirrm vorher?
Damit auch der Engel in Gott überweht
verpuppt er sich in Luzifer!

Verpuppt euch, ihr Raupen, in Luzifers Schein! gelüstets dem Schmettevling Engel zu sein verdient er die Flingel aus eigenem Licht und strahle verwandelt in Gottes Jesieht! Was Avaumt ihr zusammen in flammender Hast? The habt schon das Wesen der Ende enfasst! Es fehlt nur das tener aus Luzifers Fland gelirauch es ein jeder nach seinem Verstand! Hinein in den Untterleib, göttliches Glück und Romm mit der Schusucht zur Golfheit zurück! Rittelt an der Endenkruste unten liegt das Selbstbewurste fordert es hinauf ins Leben! Schwimmen! Schlängeln! Laufen! Schweben! Kunden! Brennen! Sprühen! glimmen! alles muss zum Venen stimmen! Sterne, Blumen, atem, Fligel! Leben auf dem aschenhigel! Wasser, Lever, Luft und Evde dass ein neues Wesen werde aufsen, innen herzgeboren augen, Vase, Mund und Ohven! Ist es schon im Mutterleile? zu sief innen! Fühlst du schon den Engelleib? Mit fünf Sinnen!

Dulde innen, sinne, wante! Weiches brancht den Zug ins Flanke dass, was einst sich aufsen paante, innen sei das Offenbaute! Wachse, feuchte, leuchte, strebe halt dich ruhig in der Schwebe dass ein ausmaß sich ergebe fir das stolge Want: Ich lebe! Ist das night in deinem Sinn? Geht nichts drüber! Wendest du zum Flimmel hin? auch Ropfiler! Schlafe, Svaume, singe, wache Avanvig sein ist Gottes Sache Schweige, schwinge, weine, lache jelst schon bist du Gottes Sprache Deiner Herkunft Engel wehen durch die Herztür und verstehen auch die atemlosen Worte bis der Luftdruck dir die Pforte innen schliefst und du schreist weil das Blut anders flie

Wir haben von Luzifer nichts mehr gehout! Da bin ich doch, Engelvolk, seid ihr verstout? Du warst rocht im Herzen der werdenden Vacht? Beliebt euch zu scherzen? Ich hab sie entfacht! Evst gundet er Stevne an, mun auch das Herz! Das lut er noch immer auf Gottes Befehl? Was wisst ihr von Luzifers Lust oder Schnerz? The soll ihn nicht avgern, soust blickt er noch scheel! Was tuschelt ihr horbar in Luzifers Ohr? Ein Work voraus ist mein Jehor! Ich Romm auch im Tuscheln euch immer zuvon Ich fadle Licht ins Rleine Ohn! Dann konnen wir rechnen mit gottlichem Licht! Es sei denn dass gott noch aus Luzifer spricht? Es geht doch ein Rauschen der Jottheit voraus! Wir hören es elen im irdischen Haus! Was habt ihr zu suchen im neuen Geschlecht? Ich Romme noch grade zum Helfen zuvecht! Die Untleventbindet in Rüngester Zeit da muss ich ihr Lust machen zu so viel Leid! Er sorgt sich schon wieder und lässt uns allein? Dann wird wohl das Kind auch ein Luzifer sein!

(36) Es winden die Wehen dem Flimmel die Flohen! Werholt aus der Tiefe das tiustere, sprich! Ich hol aus der Tiefe das leuchtende Ich! Wieso aus der Tinsternis wähltest du mich? Denn murin der Fürsternis sehe ich dich! Enkennst du mich hier auf der Erde micht wieder? Bin'ich nicht Luzifer, Engel in Luzifer? Rufst du nur einen der Engel in Lugifer rufst du die anderen Engel in Lugifer mit! und diesen begrüßen heifst alle einschliefsen die Künftigen grüßsen im Hiefsenden Luzifer! Du lebst! 16.5.56

Video third movement



English Translation third movement

3rd Movement

We are the first to return to the heaven though we still retain the earth in our vision just try, you angels, the earthly happiness there is something foreign about destiny!

How peaceful you appear in your linen shirt!
As if the dreams of the sleeping drift to here!
As if waking up in heaven would be strange!
That originated from earth! Tell us much more!

We shutter our eyes fulfilled from the inside
We do care about the lust of fulfillment
We have revealed heaven clearly to the earth
We defined it more simply: man or woman!

How airy you must feel without the burden!
Unfold the wings of your origin: Wake up!
How you have put the heaven in a nutshell!
How tightly day and night embrace each other!

Heaven and Earth have saluted each other: Now tell us about Lucifer!

I have not given up my memory yet I still can refer to my name!

Oh wonder, you come if we just mention you! Is my speed not equal to that of the light?

So much brighter your face rises above us !

How sacred is eternal duty for me:

Earth requires so much more light!

```
Gather the most willing angels around me!
 I need much strength for the birth out of the I !
    Does the earth modify the angels as such?
     Then we fight bravely in Lucifer's army!
    To change before God is hard for Lucifer !
 And when we arrive there, what awaits us then?
     It's birth and death, as you know well!
    And have we been born as woman and as man?
       Examined, tested, loved, and kissed!
      Hurry up, Lucifer, and do not delay!
      Aren't you afraid of being and dying?
      Promise us a memory when we are born!
      Death places memory above being born!
       I lead him there, he leads me back !
  To become a light bearer like you, what luck!
Don't measure your luck against your lust or pain!
    Measuring begins only in space and time!
  Then wait being upside down in mother's womb!
 With God to the cradle! With God to the grave!
```

God, you know that I have received out of an immensely deep lust
Since the angels sang it for me
I am fully aware of it

Help the child in mother's womb that it live and stay with you Should it long much more for you then help the poor weak woman

Give the father a prayer that touches my heart yet more If a pain has just started you never know where it goes

She talks to the angel
in the womb of her faults
and she thinks that she talks with God and with you!
Do you, angels, like my heavenly realm?
A worm writhes in the completely blind night
it is but an angel who reawakens!

And a butterfly emerges from a worm !

Now don't say we lay in God like in an egg!

Then there was in the divine egg the worm yet!

And the night was there also and added fruit!

How much you understand of angels and worms !

The worm does not pupate before ?

So that the angel may waft into God too

it pupates into Lucifer!

You larva, pupate within Lucifer's glow!

If the butterfly longs to be an angel
it justifies the wings out of his own light
and radiates metamorphosed in God's face!

What do you dream together in flaming haste?
You already have understood earth's being!
Just the fire from Lucifer's hand is missing
and everyone use it in his mind!

Enter the mother's womb, divine happiness and return with longing for divinity!

Shake the exterior of earth self-confidence lies beneath it elevate it thus into life!

Swim! Ramble! Run! Be suspended!

Incinerate! Burn! Spray! Smolder!
All must be fitting with the new!
The stars, the flowers, breath, the wings!
Living atop the hill of ash!

Water, fire, air and the earth
so that there be a new being
outside, inside, born from the heart
with eyes, a nose, a mouth, and ears!

Is it pretty in the womb?

Too deep inside !

You feel the angel's body ?
With five senses!

Tolerate inside, sense, and wait!
Softness needs the move to rigor
that which once connected outside
may inside be what was revealed!

Do grow, humidify, sense, wait calmly remain in suspension so that a measure may emerge for the dignified word: I live!

That is not what you designed ?

Nothing like it!

Do you turn towards heaven ?

Head over heels!

Do sleep, dream, sing, and be awake to be distressed is god's concern Be silent, do swing, weep, and laugh now you are already God's voice

Angels of your origin waft through heart's door and understand even the breathless words until air pressure shuts the gate for you

from inside

and you scream because your blood flow changed

We have not heard any more from Lucifer!
I am here, angel people, are you confused?
Have you been in the heart of the growing night?
You like to be joking? I did inflame it!

First he inflames the stars, now also the heart!

He continues doing that on God's orders?

What do you know of Lucifer's lust or pain?

Don't irritate him, or he is envious!

What I hear you whisper in Lucifer's ear ?

My hearing is a word ahead!

Even in my whispering I am ahead

I thread light into the small eye!

Then we can count on receiving divine light!
Unless God is still speaking through Lucifer?
There is a rush ahead of the deity!
We just heard it in the terrestrial house!

What do you search in the new generation ?
I am arriving just in time for helping!
The mother delivers in the shortest time
so I have to relieve her from so much pain!

He is concerned again and leaves us alone?
Then the child may also be a Lucifer!

The winds blow the heaven into upper heights!

Who pulls the darkness out of the deep, do tell!

I pull the luminous I out of the deep!

Why did you select me out of the darkness? For only in the darkness can I see you!

Don't you recognize me here on this earth?

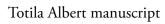
Am I not Lucifer, angel in Lucifer?

If you call just one angel in Lucifer you call the other angels in Lucifer as well!

And to salute this one means to include them all to greet the future ones in the flowing

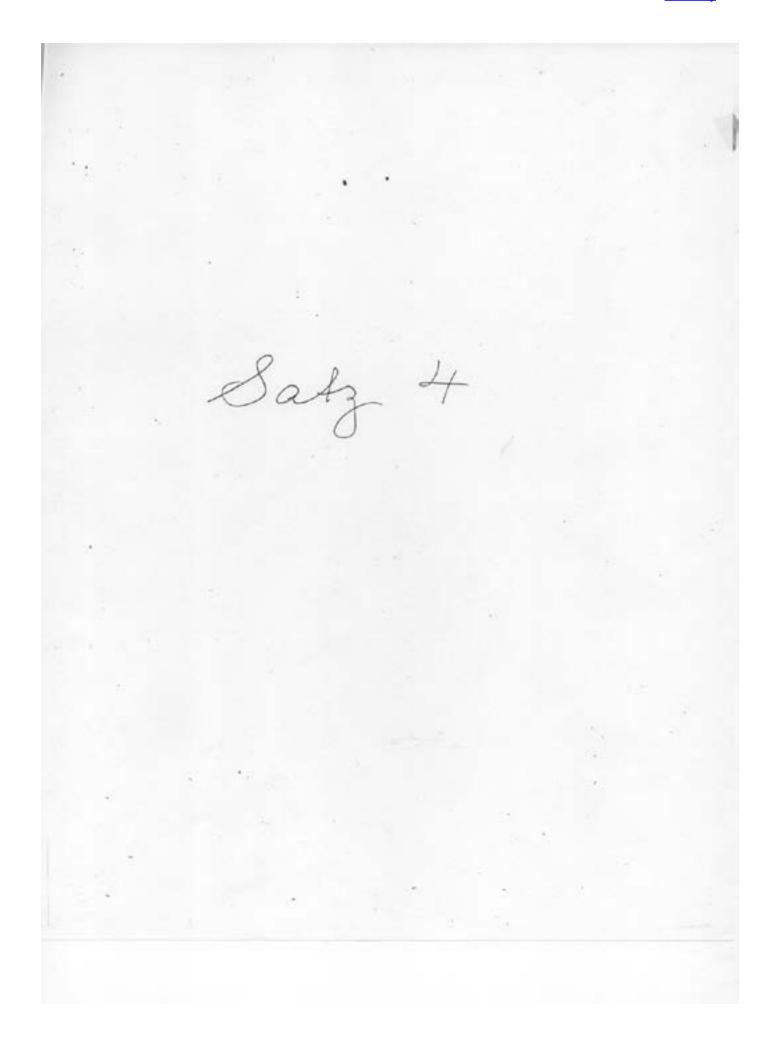
Lucifer !

You Live!



Summary

Totila Albert Manuscript: fourth movement



gott dieses Herz aufgeteilt in Raum und Zeit war emmal deins Dieses Flerz ausgeheilt in Lust und Leid ist roieder eins aus dem Vater ans der Mutter aus dem Kinde ward es deines goftes Sleiz nimm das ausgestvahlte Licht in Graden an Lugifer ist ein Engel der dir nie zu schaden saun der nur wallte ruas er sollte als du ihm den Varnen scheuktest unbewesst sich auch berousst zu sein rvie du die Engel leuktest Und was ich von ihm leverte hab ich wiedenum gelehrt class man dich micht entfernte sondern in der Schäffung ehrt

Joh, dein gott spiricht, einem Engel der mir willig dreimal riederlevingt das Herz? How ich Engel wieder singen? Schickt sie Josh mir her Seh ich Engelflügel schweingen? Nichts ist goll zu schwer! Wo ist Luzifer geblieben? Sucht den Engel den wir lieben! golf reiv suchten in den Winden hofften Luzifer zu finden aber michts! New dias Vichts das die Schweigenden entbinden ans der gruft ssveift die Luft! Sucht ihn dann in jenen Schaffen wo sie lake micht bestatten wo die Lebenden genesen von dem Sterben und Verwesen in den Avaumverlovnen Stunders die der diele gunstig sind

Das Rann sein! Wandelt irgendros die Seele ganz allein holt sie ein! Don't wind Luzifer envantet aus dem Vein Einsamkeit machet mir die Erde schwer! Ewigheit auf mir den Himmel her! Lugiler! Steigen aus dem Evdenschafse Vamen in das Vamenlose? Nur die Liebe weifs es! Riefe mich micht auch die Liebe her? Lugifer! Frommet vielleicht der Liebe nicht ein andver Vanie mehr? Keiner mehr! Weifs es Sonne Mond und Stevulisht? · ya! Weifst du class ich Luzifer bin?

Wer? Du? ya, ich -Bist du nicht am Stevnenhimmel mein Du in dem Lichtgewimmel? auch du hast den Engel innen im Du sind new Luzifer! Habt ihr Luzifer gefunden? In den feierlichsten Stunden frihlen Engel sich verbunden Wer erwacht wenn es abend wird als Erster? Luzifer! Nach der Vacht nver hålt stand dem lag als Lefter? Lugister!

Wer erwantet ihn am abend? Wer empfiehlt sich ihm am Morgen? Wird is Nacht sucht die Liebe ihren llorgen. lis es tagt Wenn es. tagl fithet die Liebe sich geborgen bis zur Vacht. Wallt ihr sagen dars die Liebe über Vacht sich sehnt es tage? Wolltihr sagen dass die Liebe morgens auhebt ihre Klage? Wenn sie Klagh Raun sie Luzifer noch frosten mit dem Schein Wenn er sags dass er wieder Rouint begnigt sie sich allein So zu lieben Rann auch Avigers Solch ein Pröster Raun auch lügen gild es Reine Sichenheit?

Konnen Engel Peufel werden? Lass es golf žu! Summer schnieffeln sie auf Erden um das Ich und Du! Wo ist Luzifer geblieben? Walkenhimmel, lass mich lieben! Yar dem Sonnenanfgang stehen! In den abendhimmel wehen! und um nichts! Dieses Wichels halt ich mun in meinen armen! Ich bin leer Luzifer! Konnten Engel sich erbarmen fløgen sie za mir hernieder Krissten mir die Cengenlider rvie sie Lugifer in nunden engelsicher Avenen Stunden seiner Liebe min gekrisst! Hort euch an was die wandelbare Seele room uns will Staltet still denn zum lieben braucht ein Engel Reinen llaun!

gott sei Dank! Hab ich doch von ihm ein engelveines Kind! Lass mich weinen au der Wiege um den Mann im Engelkviege einen andern brauch ich nimmer Wer singt so sacht? Sollst nicht weinen an der Wrege Engel fuhren Reine Kriege Sinkt die Soune bleibt ihr Schimmer Want ab die Nacht Dev lland everacht renterm Mand -strahlf ein Stern! Dann ist Tugifer micht fern lass4 uns suchen Stevn um Stevn Mond and Stevn habt ihr Luzifer im Himmelsraum gesehr Fragt das Licht! Das wird mehr von Engelwandering versteln Gatteslicht! Last du Luzifer gesehn?

Meint ihr den der die Sserne augegundet im Entstehn? Nein nicht den nur den der ums die Herzen augefacht Der liebt die Vacht. der scherzt und lacht mit Weil und Kind Stout ihm an! Siefses Kind gile immer noch mehn Licht wieder als ich senken Raun die Lieder goth will immer mehr Hevzlicht sein

Das Raun sein denn er fordert imm grafs Idlein und reon Golf revlangt er nicht ein wingig Peil von seinem Heil im gegenteil er filhet ihm gu er gill noch ale sellest riliers Grab Siehst du Engel glüben jenseits aller Mühen sind es Engel die auf Erden sich der überirdisch hellen Sehnsucht weihn rvie eins L als golf ending ihr Herz in Lus 4 und Schwerz Seht! Dort winkt Lugifer!

Nun singl von der Ende! goll gattlich werde! aus dem Glevzen! gath in den Schmerzen! gath dass die Frende still sei im Leide

gath ist die Freude gath goth Schwingh gott gate singt Geburt und Tod ein Lied das im Weltall Breist allen Wesen Wege in den Himmel weist rend der geist Rehat zuwick zu seinem Wesprung aus dem Licht?

geliebte Vacht es ist wollbracht Meine Wiedelie empfehle ich der schäpferischen Seele Der Schofs in der Ende rvie der Flimmel Wer weifs wie bald der Tod verhall der For sich fork pflaugt in das Work sich ein göttlicher Gehalt gibt die gattliche Gestall Raum und Zeil brockelt, Sveich bis rean uns micht eine Silbe Towigheilt Ewigheil samuelt Engeln ihre Lieder! Keiner weiß rier sie enfunden zeder fihlt sie sind empfunden Einer hart sie sind gesungen aus der Sprach eines golfgenauen Herzens geder son ein Wart! Sing und sprich von deinen Vächten oder auch von deinem Tag in galt! 22.5.5

Video fourth movement



English Translation fourth movement

4th Movement

God

this my heart
divided in space and time
before was yours
This my heart
reconciled in lust and pain
again is one

Out of father out of mother out of the child it became yours

Heart of God
acknowledge the radiated light with grace
Lucifer
is an angel who never thought to harm you
who just wanted
what he should have
when you presented him his name
and unconsciously to realize
how you guided the angels

And what I

did learn from him

on the other hand I taught

that you should

not be removed

but praised in the creation

I, your God speaks,
should I detest
an angel who willingly is
bringing back the heart three times ?

Do I hear angels sing again ?

God sends them

to me ?

Do I see angel wings swinging ?

God can do

all that !

What did happen to Lucifer?
Look for the angel whom we love!
God, we have looked in all the winds
full of hope to find Lucifer
but nothing!
Just the void
to which the silent ones give birth
from the grave
skims the air!

Look for him then in those shadows where they do not bury the dead where the living recuperate from the dying and the rotting in the hours lost to dreaming which are encouraging love

That can be !

If the soul is strolling somewhere

all alone

do catch up !

There Lucifer is expected from the No !

Loneliness
you make earth hard for me !
Endlessness
call heaven here for me !

Lucifer !

Are arising from this earth's womb some names up into the nameless?

Only love does know that !
Is it not that love called me here too ?

Lucifer !

Perhaps Love may deserve much more of another name ?

No more name !

Do the sun moon and starlight know ?

Yes !

Do you know I am Lucifer ?

Who ? You ? Yes, I -

Are you
not in the star heaven
my You
in the swirling of light ?

You too have the angel inside in you we are Lucifer!

Have you encountered Lucifer ?

In the most dignified hours angels feel bound to each other

Who awakes first when the evening begins ?

Lucifer !

After night who is last to withstand the day ?

Lucifer !

Who is expecting him at night? Who's greeting him in the morning?

When night comes
love is looking for its morning
til day comes.
When day comes
love feels itself well protected
until night.

You want to say that love along the night is yearning for the day? You want to say that love in the morning will begin to complain?

When she moans
Lucifer can yet console her with the light
When he says
that he will return she is content alone

To love thus can deceive as well Such a comforter can lie too

Is there no security ?

Could angels turn to be devils ?

God let it

not

be !

They are always snuffling on earth

for the I

and

You !

Where could I look for Lucifer ?
Cloud heaven, let me be in love !
Be standing before the sunrise !
Be drifting into the night sky !
And for naught !
This nothing
I now am holding in my arms !
I'm empty
Lucifer !

If the angels could have mercy they would fly down to where I am they would kiss these eyelids of mine like Lucifer used to in round hours of faithful angel trust and his love be kissing them!

Listen to
what the unpredictable soul
wants from us
Be quiet
for to love an angel does not
need a man!

Thanks to God!
Because I have from him an angelpure child!

Just let me weep at the cradle
for the man in the angel war
another one I will not need
Who sings so soft ?
No need to weep at the cradle
angels do not fight any wars
When the suns sets the shimmer stays
Wait for the night

The moon awakes

Under her shines a star !

Then Lucifer is not far let us seek star after star

Moon and star have you seen Lucifer in the heaven's space

Ask the light!
It understands more of angels' wandering

God's light!
Do you know where's Lucifer?

```
Do you mean
the one who lit the stars in the very beginning ?
No, not him
just who
illuminated our hearts
```

Who loves the night who jokes and laughs with wife and child Hear him out:

My sweet child give always some more light in turn than I can immerse in the singing God always will more heart light be

```
That
                 he
                may
                 be
because he demands still more light
                from
                old
                and
               young
  and from God he does not claim
            a tiny part
            of his hale
            contrariwise
          he leads to him
         he still gives up
          past the grave
```

You see the angels glow
beyond all their efforts
they are angels who here on earth
give themselves to unearthly bright
nostalgia
as once
to be
when God endured their hearts
in lust and pain

Look!

There waves Lucifer!

```
Now
       sing
       the
       song
about the earth !
        God
       wants
       that
         Ι
 become divine !
       God
       wants
       more
       Light
out of the heart !
       God
       does
       not
       seek
 it in the pain !
       God
       wants
that the pleasure
       just
        be
 calm in the pain
```

God is pleasure himself

> God floats

God swings

God Lives

God sings

for birth and death a song

that circles in space to point all towards the paths into heaven

and spirit
does return to its origin
 out of light ?

Beloved night
It has been done
I recommend my return to
the so creative soul of mine
The womb
in the earth
is great
Like the heaven

Who knows how soon
death fades away
tone propagates
into the word
and such a divine content
gives itself the divine form

Space and time
crumble, drive
until of us no syllable
does remain
Endlessness
collects for the angels their songs!

Nobody knows who conceived them
Everyone grasps they are felt
One can hear that the songs are the expression of
a heart that is faithful in God
each tone is a word!
Sing and speak all about your nights
or as well about your day
in God!

22.5.56